LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS. SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me irected from the clerk of the Superior Court of arion county. Indiana in cause No. 53202 Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 53203, wherein Eliza Thaw Edwards is plaintiff and William T. Edwards et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of twenty-nine thousand dollars (\$29,000), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, THE 2D DAY OF JANUARY, 1897 between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marien county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county. In-All that part of the east half of the northwest quarter of section twenty-six (25), township six-

teen (16) north, range three (3) east, lying east of the Michigan road, and north of the county road, running northeastwardly through said half section, containing thirty-eight (38) acres, more or less, except the real estate described as lots 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17, block six (6), of George B. Edwards's redivision of Josselyn's subdivision, as shown by plat book seven (7), page 175, in the recorder's office of Marion If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with inter-

est and costs, I will, at the same time and place expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws.

THOMAS P. SHUFELTON, Sheriff of Marion County.

Dec. 12, 1896. A. V. Brown, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 53640. wherein the Home Builders' Saving and Loan Association is plaintiff and John R. Barrick et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sums of money in said decree provided and in manner and form as therein provided, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest

SATURDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF JANUARY, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county, In The south half (½) of lot number five (5), in block number three (3), in the North Park addition to the city of Indianapolis, being fifty-three

(53) feet four (4) inches frontage on Illinois street. extending back two hundred and ninety-eight (298) feet, as per Plat Book three (3), page one hundred and ninety-three (193). If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws.

THOMAS P. SHUFELTON.

Dec. 19, 1896.

Sheriff of Marion County.

Griffith & Potts, Attorneys for Plaintiffs.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

tue of a certified copy of a decree to me rected from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 53295, therein Alfred M. Ogle et al. are plaintiffs and Albert D. Cloud et al. are defendants, requiring make the sum of five hundred and six dollars and fifty cents (\$506.50), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF JANUARY.

between the hours of 19 o'clock a. m. and o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county,

Lot numbered two bundred and nine (209), Alfred M. Ogle et al.'s East Park addition to the If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement laws and subject to a mortgage held by the Mutual Home and Savings Association.

THOMAS P. SHUFELTON.

Dec. 19, 1896. Sheriff of Marion County.

Groninger & Moore, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decee to me arion county, Indiana, in cause No. 55424, wherein the Hartford Savings and Investment Company is plaintiff and Lena Many et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of fifty-six hundred and six dollars and seventy-nine cents (\$5,606.79), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs. I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on

SATURDAY, THE 2D DAY OF JANUARY, 1897, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county. Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county. In-Commencing on the north line of Washington reet at a point twenty-five (25) feet east of the outhwest corner of outlot number sixty-five (65).

in the city of Indianapolis, running thence east along Washington street forty-six and ninety-five one-hundredths (46.95) feet to a point, thence north one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to an alley, thence west along said alley forty-six and ninety-five one-hundredths (46.95 feet, thence south to the place of beginning. If such rents and profits will not sell for a ufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to charge said decree. Said sale will be made vithout relief from valuation or appraisement THOMAS P. SHUFELTON. Sheriff of Marion County.

H. J. Milligan, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me eted from the Clerk of the Superior Court of fon county. Indiana, in cause No. 53540, wherein the Blake-street Saving and Loan Association, No. 4, of Indianapolis, Indiana, is plaintiff and Rachel C. McClure et al. are dedants, requiring me to make the sum of nine hundred and thirty-nine dollars and seventy cents (\$239.70), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs. I will expose at public sale to SATURDAY, THE 2D DAY OF JANUARY, 1897. between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents profits for a term not exceeding seven years,

of the following real estate in Marion county, Innumbered one hundred and twenty-two in William Y. Wiley's subdivision of outlots one hundred and sixty-two (162), one hundred and sixty-three (163) and one hundred and sixtysuch rents and profits will not sell for sufficient sum to satisfy said decee, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement THOMAS P. SHUFELTON. Sheriff of Marion County.

Realing & Hugg. Attorneys for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me

directed from the clerk of the Superior Court of

Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 52078, wherein the Mutual Home and Savings Association is plaintiff and Rachel Beard et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sums of money in said decree provided and in manner and form as therein provided, with interest and costs. I will expose at public sale to the highest SATURDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JANUARY. hours of 16 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county. Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county ndiana: Lot numbered eighteen (18), in Yandes McKernan & Pierce's subdivision of outlots numhered twenty-one (21) to twenty-five (25), inclusive, in West's heirs' addition to the city of If such rents and profits will not sell for sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and casts. I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real extate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient

without relief from valuation or appraisement Inwa. THOMAS P. SHUFELTON. Sheriff of Marion County. E. E. Stevenson, Attorney for Plaintiff.

to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made

SHERIFF'S SALE.

directed from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 53247, wherein Indiana Construction Company in plaintiff and S. V. B. Noel et al. are defendants requiring me to make the sum of seventeen dollars and ten cents (\$17.10), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JANUARY,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the of Marion county. Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county, Indiana: A strip or parcel of land being nine (9) feet wide and two hundred and two (202) feet and six (6) inches in length, extending from Pippecanoe alley north to New York street, ad- and thirty-five cents (\$1.184.25), as provided for in oel's subdivision of square No. thirty-two (32). If such rents and profits will not sell for fficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, ose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement THOMAS P. SHUFELTON.

Dec. 26, 1896. E. A. Parker, Atorney for Plaintiff.

H. . . FAY, Secretary.

NOTICE-A meeting of the stockholders of the Jan. 2, 1897, at 7:30 p. m., at the office of the association to vote upon the acceptance of the changes in the bylaws.

H. M. HADLEY, President.

Sheriff of Marion County.

FOR SALE-III Patte son street, near Michigan nice cottage, large let; \$9.50 rent; \$600 straight loan; balance cash; taked lot is worth the money. Apply owner, 425 Ash street, until Jan. 1, 1897.

STORAGE. STORAGE-Indianapolis Warehouse Co., 285-273 S. Penn. st., Pennsylvania tracks. Phone 1343.

CHURCH NOTICES. Baptist. FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH-Northeast corner of New York and Pennsylvania streets. The Rev. D. J. Ellison, pastor, will preach at 19:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. The following musical programme will be rendered by quartet and chorus choir of fifty voices and children's chorus of sixty voices.

sical director: -Morning Service, 10:45-Gullmant By the Children's Chorus. Processional—"Come Ye Lofty".....Victor Baier Hymn—"Herald Angels" (first and third verses. Anthem-"Bethlehem" H. M. Bartlett

Mr. L. E. Peck, cornetist, and Mr. Albert Worth,

Arthur P. Preston, organist and mu-

Quartet and chorus-"The First Christmas"U. Barnby Offertory-Duet (soprano and contralto), Christmas Sermon Hymn-"The Glad Tiding" (first and third verses). No. 247.

Organ-"Grand Chorus"Handel -Evening Service, 7:30-Jules Grison Christmas carol By the Children. Processional—"Raise Your Glad Songs."

Hymn—"Joy to the World." No. 190.

Lacombe-Graves Children's chorus-"Sing We Alleluia" Alex. Irving Soprano solo and chorus-"The Virgin'sAlex. Irving

Anthem—"There Were Shepherds"......Lansi Hymn—"When Shepherds Watched." No. 206. An address by pastor. .Lansing Hymn-"Coronation." No. 201. Organ-"Grand March"..... Lefebure-Wely

Christian.

CENTRAL CHRISTIAN CHURCH-Corner of North Delaware and Walnut streets. At 10:45 a.m. the pastor, Rev. John E. Pounds, will preach on "Christmas Thoughts." At 7:45 p. m. there will be a song service of Christmas music. conducted by the choir, assisted by Mr. Wikel and Mrs. Clevenger. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Christian Endeavor meeting at 6:30 p. m. Seats free at all services.

Episcopal.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH-New York and Illinois streets. G. A. Carstensen, rector. Holy communion 7:30 and 8:45 a. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Evening prayer and sermon 7:45 p. m. The rector will preach. Morning subject: "The Crowded Inn at Bethlehem." Evening subject: "Darkness and Light."

Methodist.

RAL-AVENUE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH-Corner Central avenue and Twelfth street. Sermon at 10:30 a. m. by the pastor, Rev. C. C. Lasby, D. D. Topic: "Preparation of the World for the Coming of the Messiah." At 7:30 p. m. song service and address by pastor. Class meeting 9:30 a. m. Sunday school 2:30 p. m. Junior League 4 p. m. Epworth League service 6:30 p. m. Strangers cordially welcomed. ROBERTS PARK M. E. CHURCH-Corner Delaware and Vermont streets. Rev. T. I. Coultas. D., pastor. Class meetings at 9 a. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Preaching at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Epworth League at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Strangers welcome to all these services.

New Church. NEW CHURCH CHAPEL (Swedenborgian)-333 North Alabama street. Rev. W. L. Gladish, minister. Sunday services 10:45 a. m. Subject of 9:30 a. m. Usual week evening meetings.

Presbyterian.

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Southwest corner of Pennsylvania and New York streets. The pastor, Rev. M. L. Haines, D. D., will preach to-morrow at 16:45 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m. Evening subject: "The Joy of True Living-A Holiday Message." Sunday school meets at 9:30 m. Society of Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m. Midweek prayer and conference meeting on Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. All are cor-

SECOND PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Corner Vermont and Pennsylvania streets. Rev. Joseph Milburn, pastor: Rev. Edward Baech, associpastor. Preaching at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. Young People's Christian Endeavor, 6:45 p. Sunday school, 9:45 a. m.; Professor De Motte's deaf mute class, 9:30 a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30. Mayer Chapel, corner of West and Catharine streets-Sunday school, 2:30 p. m.; preaching, 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7:30. THE SEVENTH PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-

Corner of Cedar and Elm streets. R. V. Hunter, pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. Edward Baech, assistant paster of the Second Presbyterian Church, will preach at the norning service. Special Christmas music will be rendered. The pastor will preach at 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 2:30 p. m. Junior Christian Endeavor at 9:30 a. m. Senior Christian Endeavor at 3:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday even-MEMORIAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH-Corner Eleventh and Ash streets. Rev. Frank O. Ballard, pastor. Special services appropriate to the closing of the year, both morning and evening. The Christmas chorus of children will sing again to-morrow evening. All are invited. On

Thursday evening will occur the annual meeting of the church and congregation at 7:45. All other neetings as usual. TABERNACLE CHURCH-Corner Meridian and Eleventh streets. Preaching by the Rev. R. V. Hunter at 10:45 a. m. Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. 6:30 p. m. Preaching by the Rev. W. B. Dunham in West Washington-street Chapel at 10:30 a. m. and in Mt. Jackson Chapel at 7:30

Spiritualist. FIRST SPIRITUALIST CHURCH-Corner Alabama and New York streets. Rev. F. A. Wig-gin, speaker. Lecture at 10:30 a. m. Test seance

at 7:45 p. m. This will be Mr. Wiggin's last Sunday here for this season. Soloist for the day, Mrs. May Medert. Sunday school at 2:30.

LECTURE-"The Last Great Anti-Christ." Free lecture by an evangelist in Crouch's Hall, corner of Clifford and Brookside avenues, Sunday evening, at 7:45 o'clock. All Christian people invited. Not so-called second adventism.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS. SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me directed from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 52869, wherein Edward H. Eldridge, agent, is plaintiff. PALMISTRY - Juanita, the Gypsy palmist, and William H. Koons et al. are defendants, reputring me to make the sum of one hundred and forty-one dollars and thirty-five cents (\$141.35), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs. I will expose at public sale to the highest

SATURDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JANUARY, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courtouse of Marion county. Indiana, the rents and rofits for a term not exceding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county, Indiana: Lot number one hundred and sixty (169), in Johnson & Hogshire's East Washington-street addition to the city of Indianapolis. If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs. I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement THOMAS P. SHUFELTON.

Dec. 26, 1896. Pickens & Cox. Attorneys for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE. By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me lirected from the clerk of the Superior Court of wherein Susan F. Davis is plaintiff and Sophina l. Harrison et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of eleven hundred dollars and thirty-six cents (\$1,100.36), as provided for in said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JANUARY,

Sheriff of Marion County.

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the court-house of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and was already sold. The woman looked disprofits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county, indiana: Twenty (20) feet off of the west side of lot number three (3), and twenty (20) feet off of the east side of lot number four (4), ail in block number four (4), in North Indianapolis. If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs. I will, at the same time and place. expose to public sale the fee simple of said real tate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to lischarge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement

Sheriff of Marion County. Dec. 26, 1896. James Stevenson, Attorney for Plaintiff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

THOMAS P. SHUFELTON.

By virtue of a certified copy of a decree to me irected from the clerk of the Superior Court of Marion county, Indiana, in cause No. 53251, wherein Benentt Barnett is plaintiff and William Frick et al. are defendants, requiring me to make the sum of eleven hundred and sixty-four dollars ting Missouri street, on the east, as shown in | said decree, with interest and costs, I will expose at public sale to the highest bidder, on SATURDAY, THE 16TH DAY OF JANUARY.

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. o'clock p. m. of said day, at the door of the courthouse of Marion county, Indiana, the rents and profits for a term not exceeding seven years, of the following real estate in Marion county, Indiana: The south half of lot numbered sixteen (16), in square numbered three (2), in the Indianapolis Car Company's addition to the city of In-If such rents and profits will not sell for a sufficient sum to satisfy said decree, with interest and costs, I will, at the same time and place, expose to public sale the fee simple of said real estate, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to Star Saving and Loan Association will be held discharge said decree. Said sale will be made without relief from valuation or appraisement

THOMAS P. SHUFELTON. Sheriff of Marion County. Dec. 25, 1896. L. B. Swift, Attorney for Plaintiff.

JOURNAL ADVERTISING STATIONS. BRANCH OFFICES-

THE JOURNAL Have been conveniently located at the following drug stores in the various sections of ADVERTISEMENTS WILL BE TELEPHONED Direct to this office at regular rates.

5 CENTS PER LINE OF SEVEN WORDS. -STATIONS-Alabama and 7th Sts.-S. Muhl. Bellefontaine St., No. 400-Claude Fields.

Christian Ave., No. 197-F. F. Dannettelle.
Clifford Ave., No. 324-Philip Miller.
College Ave. and 7th St.—Geo. C. Fisher.
Columbia Ave. and 7th St.—Geo. C. Ruch.
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Delaware and McCarty—H. A. Pfafflin.
Dillon and Fletcher Ave.—Hugo H. Lehrritt Delaware and McCarty—H. A. Pfafflin.

Dillon and Fletcher Ave.—Hugo H. Lehrritter.

East and McCarty Sts.—E. C. Reick.

Ft. Wayne Ave., No. 190—Thos. R. Thornburg.

Hillside Ave., No. 19—H. W. Carter.

Illinois and 1st Sts.—S. Muhl.

Illinois and 1st Sts.—S. Muhl.

Illinois and 1st Sts.—J. M. Scott.

Illinois and 7th Sts.—J. M. Scott.

Illinois and 22d Sts.—Frank Keegan.

Illinois and North Sts.—R. M. Navin.

Indiana Ave., and Vermont St.—R. P. Blodau.

Indiana Ave., No. 201—John D. Gauld.

Madison Ave., No. 427—Jos. M. Dwyer.

Mass. and Cornell Aves.—C. E. Barmm.

Mass. Ave., No. 301—L. E. Haag.

Mer. and Morris Sts.—C. H. Broich. Mer. and Morris Sts.-C. H. Broich. Mer. and Ray Sts.-John E. Myers. Mer. and Russell Ave.—Geo. F. Borst.
Mich., No. 1059 East—Van Arsdale Bros.
New York and Noble Sts.—E. H. Enners.
New York, No. 378 West—F. L. Wolcott.
Pine. No. 201 South—A. L. Walker.
Senate Ave. and 3d St.—A. M. Eyster.
Senate Ave., No. 1053 North—E. E. Steward.
Shelby St., No. 182—C. A. Eitel.
Talbott Ave., No. 350—M. Schwartz.
Virginia Ave. and Coburn—C. G. Mueller.
Virginia Ave. and McCarty—M. C. Staley.
Wash. St. and State Ave.—N. S. Driggs.
Wash. St., No. 703 East—Baron Bros.
West St., No. 503 North—C. W. Eichrodt.
Yandes and 9th Sts.—Dixor. and Russell Ave. -Geo. F. Borst.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS.

FLANNER & BUCHANAN-172 North Illinois street. Lady embalmer, for ladies and children. Office always open. Telephone 641.

FINANCIAL. LUANS-Money on mortgages, C. F. SAYLES, 75 East Market street. TO LOAN-A large sum; amounts to suit; commission and expenses lowest. No gold clause. NEWTON TODD, 6 Ingails Block. MONEY-To loan on Indiana farms. Lowest rates, with partial payments. Address C. N. WILLIAMS & CO., Crawfordsville, Ind.

LOANS-Sums of \$500 and over. City property and farms. E. COFFIN & CO., 90 East Market street. LOANS-Any amount. On furniture, pianos store fixtures, (tc. Reasonable rates. (Confidential.) E. J. GAUSEPOHL, 21/2 W. Wash. St., Room 4. MONEY-To loan on Indiana farms. Lowest market rate; privileges for payment before due. We also buy municipal bonds. THOS. C. DAY & CO., Rooms 325-330, third floor Lemcke Building, Indianapolis.

WANTED-MALE HELP. VANTED-Men and women out of employment and willing to work can learn of a permanen

P. V. H., Box 283, Augusta, Me. WANTED-An idea. Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WED-DENBURN & CO., patent attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their \$1,860 prize offer and new list of 1,000 inventions wanted. WANTED-Young men to learn the barber trade can join class now and be prepared for the busy season in the spring; only eight weeks require to fit you for the examination entitling you to work anywhere, and we furnish positions; more calls for graduates than can be supplied; no trade offers better wages or more demand; complete outfit of highest grade tools presented each student; if you want a shop of your own it requires but small capital; lots of good locations in city or country on file at our office; prepare yourself for better wages, lighter work and steady employment. Send for our new catalogue, just out

South Clark street, Chicago. WANTED-SALESMAN. SALESMEN wanted to carry our celebrated cereal foods as a side line in Indiana; no

mailed free. MOLER'S BARBER SCHOOL, 283

trouble; no samples; sure seller and good pay Write quick for particulars. SLEEPY EYE MILLING CO., Sleepy Eye, Minn. WANTED-AGENTS.

WANTED-Agents-\$20 to \$30 a week, sure. No capital needed. New goods, new plan. Sells at sight. Every family needs it. HOUSEHOLD SPECIALTY CO., Box 424. Cincinnati, O.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED-PIGEONS-800 common plegons at Address L. SMITH, 265 South Illinois

street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE. FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE-By C. W. Phillips 70 Monument place-Roller process flour mill. barrels per day; in good repair and well located. Roller process mill, capacity, 200 barrels per Elevator; 25,000 bushels; junction of five rail Two hotels, one in Indianapolis; one in North

Printing office, well equipped. Several good farms, city property and property Cripple Creek Gold Rock Mining Company of Colorado stock for sale at low price to develop new work; from \$10 to amount wanted; no any kind on property; no preferred stock; non-assessable; output of Cripple Creek district for \$16,000,000; prospective output for 1897, Bicycle factory and other property. B. and I

stock, debenture and installment. Fire, life and accident insurance. 40-acre farm wanted within twenty-five miles, for city property.

CLAIRVOYANT. CLAIRVOYANT-Mrs. T. Griswold, the great clairvoyant and palmist, tells you every hope. fear and ambition of life; everything revealed; gives advice on business, love and marriage. Office and residence, 296 East South street.

Woman at the Auction. Washington Post. Women, as I believe somebody has already insinuated, are strange beings. They

have streaks, occasionally, of the most ghoulish common sense. One of them, with one of those streaks, was at a book auction down on the avenue Wednesday. I daresay she was there every day of the week, for that matter, for the auction habit is as impossible to break as the cocaine habit, once acquired. It was, as I said, a book auction, but stationery was sold, too, and inkstands, and mounted photographs. The woman I speak of had bought a bottle of mucilage, three inkstands, a box of envelopes and a photograph of "Christ Disputing With the Doctors," at 25 cents for the lot, when a box of black-edged letter paper was put up. She began to bid on it, and it was finally knocked down to her. "Well, for goodness' sake!" said a girl next to her, "what are you going to do with that? "Well, you see," answered the woman with the utmost cheerfulness, Jenny's husband is awfully sick, and can't live more than a few days. He'll be dead before Christmas, and I'll send her all this

mourning paper for a Christmas present. It's lucky I got it. That same woman at that same auction wanted to buy the Rubaiyat of Omar Khayyam. She had the name written on a slip of paper, and she spoke to the man appointed, but in a few moments Owen Meredith's poems were sold, and she bought them. "I wanted that Omar book for George, she said, "but this one will do just as

Mothers and Sons.

New York Tribune. Two devoted mothers, one a French woman and the other an English woman, were discussing the various methods of educating boys, and eagerly comparing the advantages and disadvantages of the English and French systems respectively. A dignitary of the Roman Church was listen- and 148 miles was run in 147 minutes. ing to their prattle with amusement, and at last he burst out laughing and said: 'It seems to me mesdames, that when a pious mother wishes to send her son away from home for education she inquires anxtend mass; but when an English mother sends her son to school the principal inquiry she makes is, how often during the week can her son have a bath? and Eton is evidently considered the school par excellence, for there the boys can have baths three times a day if they wish. It is amusing to see how the same instinct is implanted in the mothers of all nationalities. You all | before the first of the year. wish to wash your sons; only the Catholic French mother wishes to purity her son's soul that he may be clean for all eternity. but the English mother, apparently, is conchild and soaping and combing his earthly

Not the Right Way.

"Hit am er mistake," sald Uncle Eben, case ob de worry bout de bills."

THE VANDALIA RUMORS

PROLONGED CONTEST MAY EVEN-TUALLY WRECK THE ROAD.

Radical Changes Proposed in the Pennsylvania Voluntary Relief Department-General Notes.

about a shovelful of coal per minute.' The mechanical engineering department of the A railway official is quoted by the Pittsburg Big Four has gotten out a novel blue print in Post as saying, when speaking of the situation with the Vandalia: "To those who understand the circumstances which surround the Vandalia the many rumors in circulation sound like nonsense. The receiver may be arrogant for a while, but he cannot afford to ignore the Pennsylvania, because that company has the power to force the road to come to terms or go to the wall. Without a traffic agreement with the Pennsylvania the Vandalia would be a worthless piece of property. and as the Pennsylvania owns a controlling interest in the main line between Indianapolis and St. Louis, any Reigation which would force the case to a conclusion would inevitably result in a dissolution of the Vandalia organization, with the result that the Pennsylvania people would get the main line in the end. The talk about all the transportation officials appointed by the Pennsylvania Company being let go or their wages scaled down is mere bosh, and time will demonstrate that the Vandalia stockholders who are in conflict with the Pennsylvania are not exercising the good judgment which their interest in the property would demand. The Vandalia has had quite a stormy career, and there are those in whose minds still lingers the recollection of how Napoleon Ives took possession of the road for a while and created consternation by his attempt to shut the Pennsylvania out. The Pennsylvania is of course taking advantage of every circumstance to secure that part of the road in which they are interested and to lop off the nonpaying branches, and the Vandalia stockholders who want the main line to be bled to death to pay dividends or keep down the expenses of the profitless branches are fighting the operating company with the above object in view. It will prove an interesting fight, but if protracted may eventually result in the wrecking of the Vandalia system.

Rules to Govern the New Mileage. Chairman Donald, of the Central Passenger committee, on Thursday issued notice to all interested lines that he was ready to receive orders for the issue of the 5,000-mile interchangeable mileage ticket which the roads of the organization, for the most part, determined to put in who appear upon the stage may be pun-operation at the beginning of the year. The tick- ished by imprisonment as a disorderly ets will be good over forty-two roads. The ticket will be of the photograph-signature form, both the signature and photograph of the aplicant must be handed in at the time of making application for the ticket. Strips from the ticket will not be accepted for transportation nor for thecking baggage, and in all cases where the ticket is used it must be oresented. Before beinning any journey the holder of the ticket must take it to the ticket agent of the road over which he intends to travel and the agent will tear off the proper amount of mileage and issue to the nolder a continuous passage ticket to his destination. The mileage book is not transferable, and if presented by anyone other than that whose

photograph appears on the book it will be taken

up and the fare collected. Chairman Donald will ase will he issue a ticket until the full price-\$100-has been paid for it. A general passenger agent said yesterday afternoon that he did not elieve many of the new tickets would be sold. He said that three 1,000-mile books covered the same territory as the 5,000-mile book, and that very few people were anxious to pay out \$160. Radical Changes in Rules Proposed. Employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad who are members of the Voluntary Relief Association are at present discussing a number of important changes in the rules regulating the operation of | not here. that department. A circular just issued from the

office of the superintendent of the relief association calls attention to a list forty-seven changes which are radical in their intended effect. The object appears to be to provide for certain contingencies and arrange for alterations in the by-laws and constitution. The duties of the office of superin tendent, secretary and treasurer are changed, and the qualifications for membership are limited by certain restrictions, as are also the claims of members for remuneration for accidents or sickness or loss of time incurred from any particular causes not directly connected with the performance of their regular duties. As the relief department is supposed to be directly under the control and management of the men they naturalenough take a deep interest in the operation, and are not slow in asserting their rights to dis-sent from any objectionable feature in the shape of a new law or a modification of an old rule. The new book of rules regulating the business of the department will be placed in the hands of all members, and they will study it carefully with a view to detecting any flaws, and the forty-seven clauses affected by the changes will be

given special attention. Half Rates for Clergymen. The announcement that the Eastern as well as Western roads would continue to grant half-fare rates to clergymen was received by a majority of the members of the ministry with unfeigned satisfaction, but not by all. A Philadelphia clergyman, in commenting on the announcement. said: "I had hoped that the railroads were finally about to wipe out the semi-deadhead privilege extended to the clergy. It is a relic of the the changed conditions it is not only unfair to the railways and the general traveling public, but it is destructive of the self-respect of its bene-ficiaries. The railroads have been chafing under the cierical half-fare system for a long time, and for several years some of them have been trying to do away with it. Times have changed since the church was poor and preachers underpaid, and the railroad people are quite sensible of the fact. I understand that great pressure was exerted the police station. Recorder Sullivan, aftsystem for one more year, but I am convinced was a disorderly person, and sentenced that the end of clerical semi-deadheadedness is him to jail for ten days. He was released fast approaching." It is quite certain that a great majority of the clergy will not coincide with the sentiments of the Philadelphia clergyman. Every attempt to bolish this concession has met with the strongest kind of protest from a very large number of the

gentlemen of the cloth, and it is not believed, that their sentiments upon the subject have materially changed. Personal, Local and General Notes. For several days past the shipments of oysters rom Baltimore over the Pennsylvania have aver-

aged thirty-five cars a day. Official notice is given of the appointment of A. A. Hurd as Western general passenger agent of the Lehigh Valley road. The new official classification circulars are be ing received by the local freight officials, classification becomes effective Jan. 1. Henry C. Rouse, president of the Missouri Kansas & Texas, passed through the city yesterday en route from New York to his headquarters. The Lake Shore is now receiving its new tenwheel passenger engines. The locomotives are of the most improved type turned out by the Schenectady locomotive works.

Richard Turner, for many years a passenger conductor on the Grand Trunk, has been apmost important stations on the line. The new iron bridge which the Wabash is building near Logansport in place of a wooden structure is nearing completion. It is one of the longest bridges in that part of the State. The Boston Herald quotes President Porter, of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, as saying he was disgusted with Chicago business methods, and it was his purpose to remove to New York as soon as possible.

The Lima & Honeoye Falls Railway has again been opened for business. A few weeks ago the only engine it had broke down, but a new one has been purchased to take its place. Passenger trains will be put on Dec. 28. The express companies have had a good year, is evident in the fact that the United States Express Company has resumed paying dividends and the other express companies are declaring their usual dividends, amounting to 6 per cent.

C. M. Ingersol, jr., has been appointed assistant to President Clark of the New York, New Haven & Hartford, and all matters heretofore under the jurisdiction of the late James R. Kendrick, third vice president, are to be referred to The rumor is revived that the Ohio Southern at

the coming foreclosure sale is likely to be bought

in in the interests of the Erie Railroad Com-

pany. Its acquisition would give the Eric entrance into Springfield. O., a point it has been anxious to reach for some years. Despite the severe cold weather in New York the past week the Empire State express over the New York Central on Monday made a remark-able run. The forty-seven miles from St. Johnsville to Schenectady was made in forty minutes, Since the adoption of the Class I heavy express engines as a standard on the Pennsylvania the Class P engines are being sent to the divisions having lighter grades, and the modified Class O engines, which are a very good machine, iously how many times a week he can at- are being placed on the branches. Fifteen years ago the Class O was the standard engine on this

ustment of second-class fares from St. Louis to

New York, so that the road be placed on a

parity with the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern, which was presented at the recent joint session of the trunk lines and Central Passenger Committee roads will, it is expected, be acted upon Everything is moving favorably to the building the Southern Union Station at Boston. The Board of Railroad Commissioners has approved the several sales of bonds, the \$6,000,000 of bonds tented with washing the outside of her offered July I have all been taken, and the company is buying more land to locate the station and vards. The maximum cost of the new sta tion is placed at \$10,000,000.

Much surprise has been expressed that the Pennsylvania Company, operating the Vandalia, will, on Jan. I, abandon its freight depot in St. Louis (proper) and resume doing business at "ter hab yoh me-ry Christmas in sech a \$1,000,000 in found numbers, but it has leaked out way dat yoh can't hab er happy New Year. that consignees in St. Louis not their goods | and debilitated. It is easy to keep well and quicker than from the roads which loaded and strong by taking Hood's Sarasparilla.

unloaded their freights at East St. Louis than did those who patronized the Vandalia, and got its freight from its St. Louis (proper) depot, and

the fact was beginning to affect the business of the Vandalia at St. Louis. Freights are now so crowding the through lines that Christmas was not observed in the train movement yesterday as ordinarily. No local freights were run, but the through trains were not much cut down, as is shown in the fact that 1,870 cars were transferred over the Belt road in the twenty-four hours ending at 6 p. m., which is a heavy business for a holiday. Joseph Billingham, master mechanic of the Baltimore & Ohio, has issued a circular to engine men admonishing them against the waste of coal Among other things he says: "It has been shown that when an engine blows off the waste of steam amounts to the consumption of one fourth of a pound of coal each second it continues, or

the way of a New Year's greeting. On one side is a fast express train disappearing, with an old man standing on the rear platform of a vestibuled sleeping car, and on the other side a locomotive coming up with a full head of steam and a lad standing on the deadwood in front of the locomotive welcoming 1897. At 2 o'clock yesterday about one hundred trainmarched in a body to the residence

men and other employes of the Big Four at Matof E. M. Neel, ex-superintendent of the St. Louis division, and made him a Christmas present of a diamond pin as a token of their friendshi and esteem. The presentation speech was made by S. G. Tiley. Mr. Neel was taken completely by surprise, and was unable to say more than "I thank you." from a conscisuce-stricken man reading as follows: "Three or four years ago I stole a ride

The general passenger agent of one of the Cieveland roads on Wednesday received a letter a distance of forty miles on your road. I used a pass that had been given to a young man employed by the company. I used his name and pass, and I feel that it was an act that a person who is trying to live a Christian life ought not to do. Inclosed you will find an express money order for \$1.25, which I think is the price of the fare. I hope this will be satisfactory, and that you will please answer, acknowledging same." Under an act passed by the Legislature of Ohio all cars run on Ohio roads must be so constructed that the lower step shall be but twelve inches above the platform or the ground where the passenger takes the train at a station, which means that many platforms must be raised at way-stations or steps to the coaches made lower. William Garstang, superintendent of motive power of the Big Four, has invented a folding step, very simple in its construction, yet just the device needed to meet the requirements of the new law. and it can be attached to an ordinary coach at a expense not to exceed \$4. When the train stops at a station the brakeman turns a little lever and drops the step, and when the train starts, by the same lever, he throws it back under the stationary steps of the car.

DRAMATIC CRITIC FINED. Mr. Kerr Didn't Like the Singing, and

So Expressed Himself. New York Evening Sun. In New Brunswick, N. J., a man who goes to a place of amusement and makes disparaging remarks about the persons

racter. Thus was the law laid down last night by City Recorder Sullivan. The victim was Arthur J. Kerr, a young married man, who says that he has artistic notions outside of his business as a decorator, and when his aesthetic perceptions of high art are infringed upon he believes that he has a right as a citizen to speak out. Mr. Kerr attended a performance last night at the Imperial Concert Hall, managed by Charles Monaghan.

Admission to the concert hall is free, but customers are expected to buy refreshments, either liquid or substantial, during their stay. There is no coercion about the way the waiters circulate around the tables, and the patrons can eat or drink as little or as much as they like without being asked to leave. The evidence in Kerr's case shows that he partook v ry sparingly of liquid refreshments at the concert hall. He did not like the performance from the very outset. When a lustyvoiced fellow was singing "My Mother Was a Lady," and reached the line "If Jack were only here," Mr. Kerr shouted so that everybody in the hall heard: "Well, if Jack is any worse than you he would be lynched. It's well for him he is

"Oh, go hock you face," was the retort of the singer, but Kerr declined to do so. The sketch team which came out next got through their act without receiving any compliments from Mr. Kerr, who looked at them with an expression of disgust. Apparently he was reserving his criticism for something which he regarded as worse. To the mind of Mr. Kerr it came along next, when a large woman came out in a motley-hued gown that ended at the knees, and started to sing a song about a girl who was "strolling in the park one day," and met with some more or less exciting adventure. When Mr. Kerr got up in disgust and, addressing himself to the woman on the stage. said: "Say, you're the worst I ever saw You ought to go off and die somewhere. The "great lyric queen," as the play bill called her, stopped singing and, glaring angrily at Kerr, retorted: "What do you knew about singing, you hayseed. I guess I have appeared where you could not raise the price to get in. Go back to your bench, you cobbler, you fishmonger, you There was a great roar of laughter. This provoked Mr. Kerr very much, and he

shouted at the top of his voice: "If I had your face I would not have the nerve to Proprietor Monaghan rushed up and tried to keep Mr. Kerr quiet. Mr. Monaghan became angry because Kerr would not be quiet, and, taking hold of him by the collar, he half pushed and half lifted Kerr out of the hall. A crowd followed to see the finish of the bouncing process. Kerr fought hard, but Monaghan, being much larger, had the best of the match all the way to the Peace-street entrance. Once outside Kerr continued to criticise the performance and the concert hall generally. He argued that he had a right. since he was a patron of the place, to say what he wished. Just then Policeman Faulkner came along, and, at the suggestion of Monaghan, Kerr was hustled off to

this morning by paying a fine. COMMERCIAL PAPER. Progress of the Movement to Secure

Uniform Laws. Detroit Tribune. At the conference of the State boards of commissioners for promoting uniformity of legislation in the United States, held in this city Aug. 26 and 27, 1895, a resolution was adopted to the effect that the "committee on commercial law be requested to cure, as soon as practicable, a draft of a bill relating to commercial paper, based on the English statute on that subject." and from various other sources of information. This resolution has been carried out, and a bill entitled "A general act relating to negotiable instruments (being an act to estab lish a law uniform with the laws of other States on that subject)" was drafted by the committee of the commissioners in New York last fall and a copy of the bill has been forwarded for introduction at the coming session of the Michigan Legislature, S. M. Cutcheon, T. J. O'Brien, of Grand Rapids, and Charles W. Casgrain are the committee of the State boards of commissioners which has the project in hand, and Mr. Cutcheon has been selected as the man to push the bill through the Legislature. The same bill is now in the hands of committees in twenty-eight different States, and its passage will be urged in all of them at the earliest opportunity.

The bill in the form as received from hands of those who drafted it is a rather lengthy document, but it is written in a very clear and concise style and seems to cover all the ground. It is really an attempt to codify the law on this subject. The first part of the bill deals with form of negotiable instruments in general their interpretation; Article 2 treats of the consideration. The articles following are in regard to the rights of the holder; liabilities of parties; presentment for payment; notice of dishonor and the discharge of in-Under the second title bills of exchange are dealt with in much the same manner. In regard to days of grace the bill pro-"Every negotiable instrument is payable at the time fixed therein without

grace. When the day of maturity falls on Sunday or a holiday the instrument is payable upon the next succeeding business day. Instruments falling due on Saturday are to be presented for payment on the next succeeding business day, except that instruments payable on demand may, at the option of the holder, be presented for payment before 12 o'clock, noon, on Saturday when that entire day is a holiday." Even while this bin is being pushed through the various State legislatures all over the country, a subcommittee of the State board of commissioners is at work preparing a uniform marriage and divorce law, the adoption of which will be urged in the same manner.

Precautionary.

Chicago Record. "We must get little Bobby a football mask. "What for?" "He is going down town with nurse and I don't want him to ruin the shape of his

nose on the shop windows." Cause for Sadness.

An Illinois "spoon" who sang DeKoven's "O Promise Me" to a young woman has just settled a breach of promise suit by handing over \$5,000. He's saddest since he

Do not allow your system to get weak

SUNDAY-SCHOOL LESSON

A REVIEW OF THE TOPICS TREATED IN THE PAST THREE MONTHS.

Impressive Teachings from the Lives of David and Solomon-Avoidance

of Evil the Only Safety.

By Rev. JAMES E. GILBERT. Secretary of American Society of Religious Edu-

cation.

INTRODUCTION .- It is well to concentrate thought upon any man, however obscure, to search for the secret springs of his life and to learn the outcome of the principles by which he is governed. It is more profitable to study emient men, comparing or contrasting one with another, making each explain the other, and using all to construct the ideal man. Sacred biography is most valuable. Without fear or favor it exposes character and conduct to the searchlight of divine truth. The lesson of last quarter pertained to David, the second king of Israel; those for the quarter now closing, to David's son. The father began as a shepherd boy, received the anointing oil from Samuel, encountered many obstacles, worked his way up to distinction and died in a good age full of honors. Solomon began in a palace, surrounded by wealth and splendor, received a patrimony of incalculable value, enjoyed absolute immunity from wars and alarms, secured the praise of his people and of strangers, but closed his career in sin. This man, known for his wisdom and his folly, for his glory and shame, must now pass under

ANOINTED .- The first lesson tells the story of Solomon's elevation to the thorne. It occurred in his early manhood, precipitated by the attempt of Adonijah to make himself king. It was instigated by his mother, Bath-Sheba, to whom a pledge had been made that her son should rule on the death of David. The actors on that occasion were Nathan, the prophet, a close friend and confidential adviser of the king; Zadok, the priest, one of two who exercised the chief place in the church, and Benaiah, commander of the king's bodyguard-all men of good repute for their virtues and their positions. The ceremony was imposing and demonstrative, withal appropriate. A procession went out of the city with the prince to Gihon, where the anointing occurred, and returned with increasing numbers amid the shouts of the populace. The new king was made to ride David's mule and to sit in David's seat, eaving no doubt of the father's approval. this accorded with the divine purpose, made known before the young man was born, going forward through his early years and remembered and affirmed in this hour of intrigue and unrest CHOOSING.—The second lesson opens the heart of the young king, and reveals his disposition. immediately after he has come to his exalted station. He had gone to Gibeon, where the tabernacle of Moses stood, and where public services were celebrated. Accompanied by the great officers of state he went to perform the eremonials of religion, with due loyalty to Jehovah. While thus engaged God came to him asking what He should give to the worshiping monarch. With gratitude for past blessings and with becoming humility because of his youth and ignorance, but recognizing the obligation that ested upon him as a king, Solomon answered, lesiring wisdom that he might discharge his luties aright. The choice was highly pleasing to ehovah, who promised what was asked, and also ledged in addition great wealth, and at the same ime entered into a covenant with Solo the young man is chosen to execute the purpose of God, and all needed blessing and furnishing are to be granted. The beginning of a noble career has been made. BLESSED.—In the third and seventh lessons, hose for Oct. 18 and Nov. 15, appears the faithulness of God to His own promise made at libeon, or, rather, the manner in which He kept hat promise. The wealth and wisdom of Solomon are displayed as a direct gift. The former was in houses, and servants, and equipage, in horses, and carriages, in treasure and abounding prosperity. The latter exceeded the wisdom of

he most notable men of the time. Even those who were set apart to the study of the best learning, and to the arrangement of select truths, were acknowledged to be his inferiors. As a result Solomon became a teacher of other learned men. His knowledge was extensive; he entered into the investigation of abstruse subjects as well as into the phenomena and facts of nature. It was in the very height of all good fortune that God appeared a second time, renewing His promise, extending His blessing and warning him lest he be drawn away from true service. WRITINGS.-Unlike his father. Solomon was man of letters. He employed much of his time n authorship. The fourth, eighth and eleventh lessons, those for Oct. 25, Nov. 22 and Decl. 13, are given to selections from his writings. In the first of those passages we learned about the nature, scope, value and source of wisdom, and the danger of folly. In the second passage we learned what wisdom enjoins upon her votaries or children. In the third passage sundry deductions and applications from the general purpose are made, all to strengthen one in a virtuous life, and especially to prevent the horrid vice of inemperance and avoid its calamities. All this wisdom literature is in the form of proverbs, conlensed statements, containing a clear insight into he nature of things, and the relations and duties f men. These proverbs, arranged now in one reserved entire by themselves.

book bearing that name, were originally written n several books by the scribes of Solomon, as est suited his purpose at the time, but were aft erward deemed so valuable as to be copied and BUILDING.-Solomon was more than a student. He was a man of deeds as well. To him was assigned the task of erecting the house of the Lord and the temple that stood on Mount Moriah, the grandest material monument to his name. He deserves little credit for this, however. David conceived the idea and provided most of the material. Indeed, he would have built it, but the Lord would not permit, and told him that his son should erect the structure. Solomon came to the throne for this purpose and received the dying charge of his father and the earnest call of his God. The lesson for Nov. 1 shows how he made a league with Hiram to furnish the material for an equivalent of food. The lesson for Nov. 8 describes the dedication of the temple and records Solomon's prayer, with his exhortations and sacriflees. There is every reason to believe that up to this point in his history the son of David maintained with steadfast heart

the good purpose which he formed when he knell HONORED.—Throughout the entire quarter is evident that honor is bestowed upon Solomor by all who are associated with him. But in one esson, that of Nov. 29, there is a peculiar disquestions. She beheld the glory of the city and o is house, and felt the power of his words was amazed at what she saw and heard, and made acknowledgment to him that the reports which she previously received were below the truth. She ascribed all to Jehovah, discerning the hand of God in the wonderful gifts of His love. And before retiring she exhibited her regard and her reverence by presenting to Solomon vast sums of gold and silver, besides those rich spices which were so greatly prized by kings. The Queen of Sheba and her visit set the King of Israel far above all monarchs and invested him with an earthly dignity that justified his fame. SINNING.—The lesson for Dec. 6 exhibits the byerse side of this great man's character. With all his wisdom he lacked discernment in the construction and arrangement of his family. It i remarkable that one who could penetrate into the mysteries of the most intricate subjects and give good advice to those who sought him, should fail to understand that true marriage is a life union of one man with one one woman. With all his good purpose to serve God he took heathen women to his heart, and violated the divine command by multiplying wives. Gradually the evil influence wrought like leaven in his moral nature, turning away his affections and weakening his purposes. At length he submits to the combined lower of wives and concubines. He builds houses their gods. He sets up the worship of for bidden deities. He even bows with others at the altars of the heathen. And then comes the voice of God, announcing His displeasure and declaring His judgments. In old age the man of wisdom, and wealth, and power, and honor, is an objecof pity, the victim of sin, the tool of ungodly CONCLUSION .- Many questions nave raised concerning the destiny of Solomon, Did he repent? Was he afterward saved? At death did he enter the home of the good? No answer can be given. The curtain falls upon the scene, leaving him in the harem, with God's wrath resting upon him. This silence may be due to the lan of the Old Testament, which lays little stress upon the world to come. Or it may have been the intention of the inspired penman to punctuate the lesson of the life, so brilliant and romising in its beginning and progress, so sad and wayward in its ending. The record ought to startle any who trifle with the first forms or conditions of vice. How easily is the heart corrupted! How the earlier course of one's life termines its later history! How many admit those associations that lead ultimately to ruin! There is no security for any, even the most exalted and gifted, but in a total and firm abandonment of all that may tempt or pollute. Flee the evil! Shun its least appearance! Hold fast to the right! In all thy ways acknowledge God, and he

will keep and guide and bless. The Last Answer. Dying eyes, what do you see?

I see the love that holdeth me: look that, lighting, leans to bless The little daily tenderness; Smiles without words; the sweet, sure sign, Which says in silence, I am thine, Returning feet met at the door-Alas for those which run no more! Ah me, for lips that whispered, "Dear" Earth is all heaven, for thou art here." see a figure like a stone; The house where one sits all alone O God, have pity! for I see The desolated needing me.

Dying eyes, what do you see? see the Love that taketh me. Loud in the breakers, soft in song, Ever the summons calleth strong. I see upon an unknown strand The signal of a distant Hand. The leaf is light, the bud is out. Floods of May colors float about The pulse leaps high, the heart is young. The sweetest chimes are yet unrung. My bravest deeds I pever did And struggling with the coffin-lid. Hopes, dreams, and love and happy tears Start, throbbing, to live down the years.

Almighty! Listen! I am dust. Yat mirit am I so I trust.

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SERVICE OF PHYSICIANS FREE.

"Nearly Choked to Death"-A Peculiar

Mr. Fowler, No. 40 Springfield street, lately moved to 17 Douglass street, says: 'Have been sick for three years. Was in business. Had to give it up. I spent \$2,000 in money doctoring in three years. Spent about all I had. Business gone, money gone, health gone. I was in despair. Thought I would lose my mind. My netves, stomach and lungs were in an awful condition. Have tried ten of the best doctors I could select. They all said my case was a peculiar one and they could do me no good. They told me that one of my lungs was gone. I nearly choked to death with coughing spells. The neighbors came in several different times, thinking I was dying. No one expected me to live. I was confined to bed most of the time since last

"I called in one of the Munyon doctors, after everybody, doctors and all, had given me up. He told me what to do, and said I would be up in less than a month. I beto go out of doors. Have been to Munyon's office several times. My cough is entirely, gone. Am now enjoying life again; gaining in flesh and I feel again like life is worth living. My friends say that they can hardly realize that I am up and out. Indeed, I can hardly realize myself the wonderful change in my condition that has taken place in the four weeks that the Munyon doctor has treated me, but God knows I am thankful.

Severe Cough Cured-"The First Dose Helped Me."

Mrs. Rupe, No. 787 North Delaware street, says: "I was seized with a severe cough and pain in my left lung about six weeks ago. I sent for one of the best physicians in the city, who prescribed for me, but his medicine did not seem to do me any good. was very uneasy about myself and feared was going to have an attack of pneumonia. At the suggestion of a neighbor I sent for one of the aunyon doctors and he prescribed for me. The effect of the medicine was just wonderful. I could feel that the first dose helped me and by the time I had finished taking the first prescription was entirely cured. "I now advise all my friends to use Dr. Munyon's remedies, for their effect on me was like magic.'

Neuralgia Cured. Rev. S. W. Troyer, No. 477 Lincoln avenue, says: "I had been suffering from neuralgia. I consulted Dr. Munyon and he prescribed for me. I took the medicines. My pains left me entirely and have not returned. I have advised a number of my friends who are suffering to go to Dr.

Munyon. Hearing Restored. Jas. S. Warford, of Coldwater, Mich .. (now visiting at 423 East Twelfth street, this city), says: "I have been gradually losing my hearing for the past twenty years. I was advised to consult Dr. Munyon, I have now taken the treatment just three weeks and I can now hear the ticking of

a clock. I was almost totally deaf before

taking treatment."

CATARRH POSITIVELY CURED. THE MUNYON COMPANY POSITIVE-LY CURE CATARRH. Thousands of patients attest it. No cutting, burning, cauterizing, irritating washes that destroy the diseased tissues. Many victims treated by ignorant doctors have lost their sense of taste and smell. The Munyon treatment consists of mild, soothing fotions and in-ternal remedies, which act on the blood and nerves, and thoroughly eradicate the IT COSTS YOU NOTHING for a thor-

CAUTION AGAINST IMITATORS The public is advised that Munyon's Remedies cannot be imitated; that the free treatment, free physicians and

free distribution of remedies was in-

augurated nearly five years ago by

ough examination at the Munyon offices.

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NOT A PENNY TO PAY For careful and thorough examinatinction granted to him, in some respects more significant than any other. A heathen woman, a queen, came from a far country to see and hear that medical science affords.

Everybody invited and made wel-Office Hours-9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays-10 a. m. to 12 m.

Christmas-10 a. m. to 12 m. Let come what may, of life or death, I trust Thee with my sinking breath. trust Thee, though I see Thee not In heaven or earth, or any spot. I trust Thee till I shall know why There's one to live and one to die. I trust Thee till Thyself shall prove The Lord of life and death and love. -Elizabeth Stuart Phelps, in Harper's Bazar.

WHITE HOUSE ETIQUETTE. The Unwritten Laws Which Govern the President's Social Position.

Illustrated American. When the President and his wife drive out the President sits on the right hand seat and his wife on the left. If there are others in the carriage whether ladies or gentlemen, they must sit with their backs to the horses. When Mrs. Cleveland was first married she tried the experiment of placing her mother opposite the President and herself in the presidential landau, but the people laughed at it so mmoderately and professed to think Mrs. Folsom (as she was then) to be the maid, that it was speedily dropped. When the President's wife drives alone she sits in the right hand corner-the place of honor. The lady of the White House cannot set foot within those splendid houses in Washington whose flagstaffs mark the foreign embassy or legation. She could not go without the President, and as an embassy or legation is technically a part of the country it represents, the President could not go-so that she never sees the inside of a diplomatic house as long as she presides at the Executive Mansion. The President dines only at Cabinet houses, and his wife cannot dine anywhere without him. President Arthur dined with judges of the Supreme Court and with senators-but as he had no wife the whole system was very much simplified for him. The President's wife may, if she chooses, go to luncheons where there are no gentlemen, or to teas, both being regarded as strictly informat but the danger of giving offense by accepting one invitation and declining another is so great that it is seldom or never

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